# British Winter 

## Virtual

Sim Pairs


## Monday

## $11^{\text {th }}$ January 2021

Welcome to the British Winter Simultaneous Pairs, which we expect will continue to be played mainly online. I hope you enjoy the event and also the commentary provided by a leading expert. The commentator for this set of hands is Paul Bowyer. Please note that the Tuesday event will be in memory of Peter Jordan, the EBU's widely-known and much-loved Competitions department member who for many years was also responsible for running our overseas congresses. Barbara Jordan will be donating trophies for the winners on that day.

This is the start of the 2021 Simultaneous Pairs season, so it's a new year for prizes. Every host club will be entered in to a prize draw made at the AGM in November. So the club at which you have played today has a chance to win one of ten cash prizes of $£ 250$. The prize for the overall winners of each Sim Pairs is $£ 100$, and we wish you luck in trying to win it.
You can find all the full details, results and last year's prize winners at www.ebu.co.uk/sims/
You can earn Blue points and they are awarded to the top third of the field. Don't be too impatient for the results! Provisional results will appear quickly but they won't be finalised and nor will the Master Point awards until all results are in and score corrections have been made. This can take up to three weeks. It really helps us if you can keep your scorecard for that period.
Coming up in February ( $1^{\text {st }}$ to $4^{\text {th }}$ ) is the Junior Squad Simultaneous Pairs which raises money to help Junior Bridge. I hope you will support this event and look forward to you playing.
Ian Payn, Chairman EBU






| A KQ8643 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - A6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| - A2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ¢K54 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ^ 10975 | $\rightarrow$ A |  |  |  |  |
| - QJ973 | $\checkmark$ K42 |  |  |  |  |
| - J7 |  | -KQ10986 |  |  |  |
| \& 76 |  | *A102 |  |  |  |
|  | AJ2 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\checkmark 1085$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 543 |  |  |  |  |
|  | ¢QJ983 |  |  |  |  |
| HCP | Makeable contracts |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}  & 16 & \\ 4 & & 16 \\ & 4 & \end{array}$ |  | $\stackrel{\square}{*}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\wedge$ | NT |
|  | N | 2 | - | 2 | - |
|  | S | 2 | - | 2 | - |
|  | E | - | 3 | - | - |
|  | W | - | 3 | - | - |
| A A |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark 986$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| -KJ1052 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ¢A873 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A8543 AKQ10972 |  | A KQ10972 |  |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ KJ |  | - AQ72 |  |  |  |
| - A963 |  | -87 |  |  |  |
| *952 |  | *K |  |  |  |
|  | AJ6 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\checkmark 10543$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | -Q4 |  |  |  |  |
|  | \&QJ1064 |  |  |  |  |


| HCP | Makeable contracts |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | * | - | $\checkmark$ | $\wedge$ | NT |
| 12 | N | 2 | 2 | - | - | - |
| $8 \quad 14$ | S | 2 | 2 | - | - | - |
| 6 | E | - | - | - | 4 | - |
|  | W | - | - | - | 4 |  |



Board 15 : Dealer South : NS vulnerable

| West | North | East | South <br> Pass |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pass | 1 | 2 | Pass |
| Pass | 2 | Dble | Pass |
| $3 \downarrow$ | Pass | Pass | Pass |

A competitive part-score deal belonging to East-West in diamonds or hearts. It may appear that East-West can make $4 \vee$ on the hand, but good defence can beat it. Against a heart contract, North has to lead a spade, duck a round of diamonds and then switch to clubs. After that defence, declarer can't quite manage to avoid four losers. Still, some pairs will surely make ten tricks in hearts.
The auction? Well, East probably does best to overcall $2 \star$ and then double on the second round when North rebids his spades. That allows West to get his five-card heart suit into the game. +140 to East-West will, I suggest, be above average for East-West.

Board 16 : Dealer West : EW vulnerable
West North East South

| Pass | $1 \star$ | $1 \uparrow$ | Dble |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2 \star^{*}$ | Pass | $4 \uparrow$ | All Pass |

An easy 4 contract for East-West on this deal; easy to make, that is. There are some marginal decisions in the bidding - should South make a take-out double of East's 14 overcall? If so, East may devalue his heart holding as he may think that South sits over him with heart honours.
Should West raise spades pre-emptively with 3\& or make a constructive spade raise with a cue-bid of $2 \downarrow$ ? If the former, there is a case for East to pass $3 \mathbb{A}$, if the latter then East has an easy 4a call.
There is nothing much to the play; declarer should lose a spade, a diamond and a club. The only variation may come is if North tries the effect of underleading the hoping to put East on a guess. That will result in East making eleven tricks instead of ten and of scooping up a large quantity of match-points.
Board 17 : Dealer North : Love all

| West | North East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Pass | Pass |
| Pass | Pass Pass |  |

After two passes South does best to open with a weak $2 \vee$ rather than open 1\%. As the cards are, that will surely scoop the pool and end in a playable spot. $2 v$ should lose one spade, two hearts, one diamond and one club and therefore record 110 points. Variations may occur (if West doesn't cover the if for instance) and some declarers may end up with an overtrick.
Some may choose not to open that South hand at all and West certainly isn't going to make a bid on his minor-suit based rubbish. Anyone who throws the deal in (and there will be a fair few) has my sympathies. East-West will score above average for a passing the hand out and recording zero, I predict.


Board 18 : Dealer East : NS vulnerable
West North East South

| $1 \%$ | Pass | $2 \boldsymbol{2 4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pass | $3 *$ | All Pass |

Another of these difficult to judge part-score deals where North-South do best if they can finish in clubs.
After South opens $1 \diamond$, West has the choice between showing his five-card heart suit or making a take-out double, with the former being the more modern choice. After East raises hearts, South may feel that North's marked heart shortage makes a further bid a sound venture, but the hand is a misfit and North-South are entering dangerous waters. If North bids 3\% now, South should pass as it becomes obvious that North has nothing but long clubs.
If East starts off by leading a heart, North might scrape home in his 3\% contract, otherwise it should be defeated. One off won't be too bad a score, however.

Board 19 : Dealer South : EW vulnerable
West North East South
Pass 14 Pass 3a

Finally, after 18 boards of uncertain and varied auctions, we come across a deal where the world, his wife and the family dog will play in 4a. A 5-4 fit and a combined 27 count leaves little room for any misadventure in the bidding and there will be few pairs who play in anything other than the spade game.
The play looks to be simple as well; declarer has to lose a diamond and a club and should rack up eleven tricks easily enough. Only the bizarre lead of the eA from East would allow a second overtrick and East has no reason to do that. A string of scores of 450 to North-South?

Board 20 : Dealer West : All vulnerable

## West North East South

1NT Pass Pass Pass

Those playing a weak no-trump will surely open the bidding with their favourite toy and steal the deal. That can be defeated by two tricks in North leads (or switches to) a diamond but the defence to 1NT can often go sour. If North-South defend passively and persist in leading clubs, West can establish a long heart. This way declarer can rack up two hearts, one diamond and three clubs for a total of six tricks. One off may not score so badly.
If West, playing a strong no-trump, opens 10 the outcome of the auction is unclear. It is possible East-West play the hand in $2 \downarrow$, probably down one. It isn't easy to see how North-South can get into the act. If they could play in no-trumps, recording 120, they would do very well. I suspect that the modal score will be 100 points to North-South. We shall see.





