



Sim Pairs

Commentary by Sally Brock

Tuesday 3rd September 2019

Welcome to the English Bridge Education & Development (EBED) Simultaneous Pairs.

The proceeds raised by this event will be used by EBED, the national charity for the promotion and development of bridge, in support of its objectives to promote the national learning program "Bridge for All" and especially to improve and develop the infrastructure for bridge teaching in England by expanding our support for EBTA – the English Bridge Teachers Association

EBED supplies "Bridge for All" teaching materials, organises Minibridge/Duplicate Bridge teacher training and club director training courses, administers the Junior Award Scheme and supports county organisations and individual volunteers at the local level to run youth events.

You can read more EBED's activities in the current issue of English Bridge and at <u>www.ebedcio.org.uk.</u> If you wish to know more about EBED or to arrange a donation/legacy in favour of the charity, please contact us via <u>richard@ebedcio.org.uk</u>

Do please encourage your friends to come to play in these events which are open to all and raise vital funds for our work.

We thank you so much for your support!

Donna Wright

Chief Executive

English Bridge Education & Development, Registered Charity No: 1153543





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9	Board 6	: Dealer Ea	ast : EW v	ulnerable
	West	North	East	South
			1♦	Pass
	1•	Dble	2 🔶	Pass
▲J32 ♥J ♦KQJ942	Pass All Pass	2	Pass	3NT

It is close whether West should bid or pass on the first round. While he doesn't have enough HCP to bid, his partner might have only a 4-card suit and if North also passes 1 + that could be a very silly contract indeed. After West bids 1, North has a good enough hand to double, and East rebids his diamond suit (not leaving West feeling very happy!). A 2 vebid by West would show a lot more than this, so he passes (and prays). As it is, North was always going to rebid 2. When he has shown a hand too good to bid 1. the first time, South has a clear bid of 3NT (though if he is afraid of his poor diamond holding, he might bid 3 , showing a stopper there and asking North for a diamond stopper).

Board 7 : Dealer South : All vulnerable				
West	North	East	South	
			Pass	
1 ♦	Pass	1♠	Pass	
2♠	All Pass			

Lots of close decisions here - indeed, maybe the hand will be passed out at many tables (but it is not very exciting for me to write that up!). West's opening bid is not very sound playing weak no-trump, vulnerable, in second seat, but as long as East bids a major it should not work out too badly. If East is allowed to play in $2 \bigstar$ that contract should go one down: \bigstar lead, \bigstar Q switch to the king and ace, followed by two more rounds of spades should to lead to two spades, one diamond and three clubs for the defence. North might protect with a double (a bit rich for me, vulnerable) but South will bid 3. which should make on the nose.

11 9		S	3	-	-	-	2
11		Е	-	1	1	1	-
		W	-	1	1	1	-
	♠ C) 142	2				
	y 9	72					
	♦ ۸	96	2				
	* C) 4					
AK7				9			
♥AQ3	¥ K1065						
♦ J74				К	33		
& J985	♣107632						
	▲1	086	553				
	¥J.	84					
	• () 10'	5				
	<u>م</u>	<u>κ</u>					
НСР	HCP Makeable contracts						
			*	٠	۷	٨	NT
1		NI				1	
9		IN	-	-	-	1	-

W 4 1 4

▲AKQ109 ♥75 ♦A87 ♣KQ6

♦54

♥AK2

10653

Ν 3 2

S 3 2 1 5 5

Е W

AJ8 ♦

▲Q3

∀J4

♦ K932

♣KQ872

Ν

* ٠ ۷

3

v10863 •75 A963

♣J972

♣A105

Makeable contracts

♦97654

∀K97

AQ

41054

Makeable contracts

٨ NT

2

* ٠ ▲ NT

4 4

▲876

• -*****843

VQ1098643

HCP

18

8

▲K102

♥AO52

♦ J10864

HCP

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♣ J

12

2

Board 8 : Dealer West : Love all				
West	North	East	South	
1*	Pass	1♥	Pass	
1NT	All Pass			

If EW have the methods to play in a club part-score after the 1NT rebid, good luck to them, and they will probably win this board. (I know that the analysis says that 4♥ is on, for EW, but who would bid that?). If NS manage to come in with spades that might push EW to clubs. As it is, on a spade lead declarer can take only two spades, four hearts and one diamond (and might go down with a diamond misguess).



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N 1 --1 -

S 1 --1

Е w _ 3 1

3 1 2

2

Board 1	8 : Dealer E	ast : NS v	vulnerable
West	North	East	South
		Pass	1NT
Pass	2 🗸	3♣	3♠
Dble	All Pass		

Some might open 3* with that East hand: maybe South would double and West bid 3NT. With the **&**K right and the suit breaking 2-2, declarer can make nine tricks even on a spade lead. However, on the given auction EW should do better. West might well lead the A (not best for the defence) but even if he does East should play the *****Q and now West can switch to a heart. That way the defenders will take one spade, two hearts and a heart ruff, one diamond and one club for 500.

Board 19	: Dealer S	outh : EW	vulnerable
Nest	North	East	South
			1*
Pass	1 ♦	Dble	Rdble
L 🔺	1NT	Pass	3NT
All Pass			

Strong no-trumpers will bid 1NT-3NT and West will probably lead a spade – maybe the $\blacktriangle10$ covered by the \clubsuitQ , $\bigstar K$ and $\bigstar A$. Although declarer can make 12 tricks from here, it is not that likely. Which minor should he play on? If he takes a diamond finesse he will probably go down (although he may succeed by leaving clubs alone and later forcing his opponents to open up the suit); if he plays a club to the queen and king and the opponents clear spades he can clear clubs but will have to guess diamonds in the end position to make his contract. If the defenders lead hearts at any stage it will be even more difficult. East's double in the auction above may make things easier for declarer.

soard 20 : Dealer West : All vulnerable				
Vest	North	East	South	
	1♠	1NT	2♠	
ble	Pass	3 🔶	All Pass	

If North makes a rather aggressive 1 overcall, it looks normal for East to bid 1NT with his good stoppers. South has a good hand but needs to go carefully because he is vulnerable and warning signs are there. West doubles 2. for takeout and East's diamond fit should persuade him to remove to 3. (it is rather lucky that 2♠ goes down). If South competes further EW will surely double so he should take the low road and defend 3, which should make nine tricks: declarer needs to draw trumps to avoid losing a club ruff, and then will end up with a heart loser at the end.

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11

S 6 -

Е w _ 2 -

2

2 _ 6 1

Board 21 : Dealer North : NS vulnerable				
West	North	East	South	
	2♠	Pass	Pass	
Dble	Pass	3♥	Pass	
4 💙	All Pass			

This is rather an optimistic auction by EW and I could see many pairs missing game. Most tournament players use Lebensohl after a takeout double of a weak 2-bid, so East's 3♥ shows values. Even so, it is a close decision as to whether West should raise or not and I would forgive a partner who passed. In order to make 11 tricks in hearts, declarer must win the spade lead in dummy and ruff a club; now the \forall K followed by running the \forall 9, then the ♥Q and a diamond finesse. 6♦ will make as well but I have no idea how to bid that!

Board 22 : Dealer East : EW vulnerable				
West	North	East	South	
		1*	3 🔶	
Dble	Pass	4 💙	All Pass	

For a start let's look at South's action. Diamond overcalls over clubs can often make life very difficult for opponents who have not yet shown any majors. $1 \blacklozenge$ is easy to deal with, but $2 \blacklozenge$ and $3 \blacklozenge$ can be extremely difficult and I like to bid as high as I dare. Here, at favourable vulnerability, 3 • would be my choice. Now West has a terrible problem: he could pass, and then pass a reopening double; he could bid 3NT, I suppose; double is the most flexible but far from certain to work out well. If East bids only 3, what then? I guess 3NT and hope for the best. As it is East should bid 4 vith the 5-6 distribution and there are 11 easy tricks when declarer can ruff two clubs in the dummy and trumps break 3-2.

Board 23	: Dealer S	outh : All v	ulnerable
West	North	East	South
			Pass
Pass	1♠	Pass	2*
2♦	3 🔶	Pass	3♠
Pass	4	All Pass	

North is too good to raise clubs immediately after the diamond intervention, so starts by forcing to game with a cue-bid of the opponent's suit. When South shows spade support, because he is a passed hand North can see there is not going to be a good slam on and settles for 4 , giving no more information to his opponents. After West's intervention, declarer should guess spades correctly whatever the lead and make 12 tricks.



						/ 1
	♠ K3		Board 27	7 : Dealer S	South : Lov	e all
	♥AJ104		West	North	East	South
	♦ 52					1♥
	♣ KJ874		Pass	2NT	Pass	3NT
♦97652		♠AJ8	Pass	4 🐥	Pass	4 🔶
♥873		♥96	Pass	4 💙	Pass	5*
♦ 1073		♦ KQ984	Pass	6 4		• •
\$ 96		* 1052	1 435	0	All 1 d33	

At tournament level these days, a 2NT response is usually played as a game force agreeing partner's major. South rebids 3NT to show a strong balanced hand (15-19). North has good playing strength because of his 5-card club suit and so cue-bids 4., South cooperates and North signs off. South is too good to pass. With 18 HCP and a partner who was prepared to force to game facing a 12-count, South must bid on, but what? It would be wrong to use Blackwood now because it is a spade control that is needed, not a number of aces. South should cue-bid 5*, making it quite clear that he has no spade control, and now North bids the slam.

Board 28 : Dealer West : NS vulnerable				
West	North	East	South	
Pass	Pass	Pass	1♥	
1♠	2♥	3♠	4 💙	
4 ▲ All Pass	Pass	Pass	Dble	

Oh dear! South could have passed the hand out, but that would be unreasonable with 16 HCP. Instead he opens 1. Should West overcall 1. with such a poor suit? I think so: it is probable that his opponents will play in some number of hearts so he will be on lead and not partner, and if there is a 4 sacrifice at the prevailing vulnerability someone needs to bid the suit. North might bid more hearts with his 5-card support but settles for a modest simple raise. East, with 4-card support, shows it with a jump to 3. What should South do? Probably he should pass, but that is surely accepting a minus score. If he presses on to $4 \checkmark$, West is likely to 'save' in $4 \clubsuit$, probably doubled by South, and that contract is unbeatable.

	▲AJ864	13	Board
	V Q86		West
	♦A52		
	\$ 6		Pass
▲ 1052		♠Q	All Pag
∀ J1072		♥ 953	
• 10963		♦Q4	
* 83		♣AKQJ975	North
	♦ K97		Many
	♥AK4		no tru
	🔶 KJ87		HO-UU
	* 1042		uns –

НСР	Makeable contracts					
		*	٠	۲	۸	NT
11	Ν	1	5	5	6	-
1 14	S	I	5	5	6	-
14	Е	1	-	-	-	-
	W	1	1	-	-	-

HCP

12

18

♦98754

♥4

♦ AJ4

♣K754

HCP

6

16

10

8

10

0

♦Q104

♥KQ52

AJ6

AQ3

Makeable contracts

▲J1062

♥72

♦K76

♣AQ32

Makeable contracts

* 🔸 💙

1 2 🔺 NT

4

4

* ٠ ۷

Ν 5 3 6 3 5

S 5 3 6 3 5

Е W

v109863 ♦ 1083

AQ

1096

▲K3

♣J8

♥AKQJ5

♦Q952

Ν

S -1 2 --

Е 4 ▲ NT

29 : Dealer North : All vulnerable South North East 1 2 ♣ 2 🔶 4 2 3♣ SS

has a typical Acol light opener, and East must decide what to do. people play a jump cue-bid (3 here) as asking for a stopper for mps, but vulnerable I think that should show a bit more than here a spade stopper is only a tiny part of what East would need to make 3NT. So he overcalls 2, and East, without four hearts or 4-card spade support or a club stopper, bids a natural 24. North rebids his spades and South has an easy raise to game. No doubt declarer will make 12 tricks but it is a terrible slam with both trumps and diamonds to negotiate.

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Board 30 : Dealer East : Love all				
West North		East	South	
		Pass	Pass	
1♥	Dble	Pass	4♠	
Pass	4NT	Pass	5 🔶	
Pass	6♠	All Pass		

South is close to an opening bid, but is a little light for $1 \blacklozenge$, and it often works badly to open $2 \blacklozenge$ or $3 \blacklozenge$ with a good 4-card major (specially spades) on the side. West opens $1 \blacktriangledown$ in third seat, and North has an obvious double. With a good hand and a chunky 4-card spade suit, South jumps to $4 \clubsuit$ and Blackwood gets NS to the excellent slam, which makes on any lead.

Board 31 : Dealer South : NS vulnerable				
North	East	South		
		1♠		
2 🔶	Pass	2♥		
2NT	Pass	3♥		
3NT	Pass	Pass		
All Pass				
	: Dealer So North 2 2 NT 3NT All Pass	: Dealer South : NS v North East 2 Pass 2NT Pass 3NT Pass All Pass		

A terrible misfit for NS. It looks normal to open 1♠ with 10 HCP and two good 5-card suits. North has a problem over 2♥, and sensibly goes for the underbid of 2NT. However, South presses on with 3♥ and North has no good option, eventually choosing what he might have bid on the last round. When that is passed around to him, West can restrain himself no longer and doubles. Although Deep Finesse says North can make seven tricks, I think he will do well to do so and down three looks more likely on a spade lead (which East should choose after the double).

3oard 32	: Dealer W	/est : EW	vulnerable
Nest	North	East	South
INT	All Pass		

It looks as if a heart lead would be the choice all around the room. Declarer ducks twice and wins his \checkmark A on the third round. He then takes a club finesse which loses to South's \clubsuit K. South switches to a spade, won in the dummy, and declarer plays a diamond towards his hand (if he dares). South ducks, but then declarer runs the clubs and plays another diamond and must make nine tricks. But Deep Finesses says only 2NT. Best defence is for South to switch to a spade after he makes his \checkmark K. Then he can clear spades when he is in with the \clubsuit K, and cash them when he makes his \diamondsuit A. Difficult.



W 3 4 - - 2

▲ A 1087
♥ KQ107
♦ AQ3
♣ AJ

▲KQ62

KJ8754

Ν

S

E 2 W 2

* 🔸

♥62

♣2

▲J4

♥85

1096

Makeable contracts

6 3 6 5

6 3 6 5

▲ NT

1097643

♦953

♦2

♥AJ943

♣KQ85

HCP

20

9

1

10