## Analysis of Hands Dec $7^{\text {th }} \mathbf{2 0 2 0}$

## Board 1:



Surprising almost nobody played in the $4 / 4 \mathrm{H}$ fit but most played in spades. If playing strong NT you should transfer into S and then bid 3 H . If playing weak NT respond 1 S and after 1NT rebid, showing $15 / 17$, then bid 2 C or 2D checkback, whichever you use and the NT rebidder should show his 4 hearts first in preference to his 3 card spade suit and now you get to 4 H . If responder goes back to NT not holding 4 hearts you can then convert the NT back to S as you hold 3 spades. Partner should not checkback unless he has 5 of the Major that he responded in a round earlier. Playing checkbacks this way you will always unearth the $4 / 4$ fit. Note: if you respond 2 H after 1 NT showing $5 / 4$ this is non-forcing or else go back to 2 S . You should lose one spade and one heart trick by double finessing the hearts to only lose one and not two H tricks.

## Board 3:



Should be 1C (N) - 1S (S) - 3C (N) - 3NT (S). A few failed to do this. (A 17 count) ?? ??

## Board 6:



If a weak NT is opened by West then if N haa a bid of 2 C or 2 D to show the majors South will always bid 2 H ahead of 2 S as he is $3 / 3$. If the bid used by North was 2 C for the Majors (as some use), the benefit now is that South can bid 2D to show equal length in both Majors asking North to pick his longer one. However East will almost certainly bid 2D before him, so beaching him like a whale and unable now to bid 2D and so will probably bid 2H..

## Board 8:



If playing E/W are playing a weak NT (East opens 1 C ), then South overcalls 1 S it is now difficult for $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{W}$ to get into D as West cannot double 1S as he only has two hearts, and he is not good enough to bid 2D. However if playing a Strong NT then if South doubles you can bid 2D or if he bids Spades (2S) you can bid 2NT Lebensohl on the West hand. This commands East to bid 3C and now you bid 3D non forcing, whereas if you had bid 3D directly over the 2 S bid by South, it would be forcing to game. No way on a 5 count. 3D played by East does way better than 3D played by West which can go one or two tricks off. It's because the lead is through the strong hand into the strong hand. North should never
come into the auction over 1D. South should never make a takeout double he should overcall 1S

## Board 9:



This is the most mysterious hand of the night. In hearts you make 6 heart tricks, 4 diamond tricks, Club A and SA and 7H is dependent on the Spade finesse of the Queen which is wrong. In Diamonds you can make 13 tricks using the long hearts for three spade and one club discards. However, its dependant on DQ being right to make 12 tricks. No way should you bid 7D. It's a rotten contract.

## Board 10:


$1 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{S})-1 \mathrm{~S}(\mathrm{~N})-2 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{S})-2 \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{N})$ fourth suit forcing to game and not natural - 3C(S)$3 \mathrm{NT}(\mathrm{N})$. North should is correct to bid 3NT here because he has shown 5 spades by bidding 2D, looking for 3 spades in South hand. South could also have bid Spades even on a doubleton at that stage. The reason North should not bid 3S is because he knows South has not a diamond stopper so this is their last chance to bid the 3NTgame. A diamond lead makes it perilous but they make 4 club tricks, one heart trick, two diamond tricks and two spade
tricks. That is if diamonds are led and continued. East does best not to beat the S10 with the queen if its led.

## Board 11:



I notice 11 tricks made in 5C a few times. It shouldn't. If S9 led from dummy 10 should cover, insert J and it takes Ace. A Spade back now through S8,4 into Q7 means the 8 will take the Q and be beaten by K . The S 7 is now the setting trick, beating the 6 . Spots matter. You also get a H trick.

## Board 13:



If playing a weak NT it should be transferred into 2 S by South and no reason to go any further. Partner didn't jump to 3 S after you transferred showing a maximum and 4 spades and your suit is AWFUL. He might even have only two spades. Playing a Strong NT it should go $1 \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{N})-1 \mathrm{~S}$ by South and 1NT rebid by North. Holding a void in hearts, remove that contract. If 2D is natural, then bid it and N goes back to 2 S . If its checkback you cannot bid 2 D so just bid 2 S .

## Board 16.



North is good enough to open 1S and South will bid 2H and North should raise to 4 H with 11 and two for singleton. It's telling you abovethe optimum contract is 6 H . No way is it telling you to be there. That is just the number of tricks that you can make.

## Board 17:



North opens 3H, East has a borderline 3S bid and if he makes this bid, then West should definitely bid 3NT hoping that East has a club stopper. There is no difficulty making 3NT the only game that makes.

## Board 20:



It's very poor bridge to be in 3 NT here. If the Spades are $5 / 3$ the contract will fail.There is no reason to be in that contract. It should be played in 5D. You ruff a Spade small in the North hand and ruff your third club with DQ, having already drawn a couple of trumps. A top Diamond in the South hand can afterwards draw the last trump from East. You do not even have to guess the position of the HK.

## Board 21:


$1 \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{N})-\mathrm{Dbl}(\mathrm{E})-1 \mathrm{H}$ (West could be zero hcp) - 1NT by East. This bid is not $\mathbf{1 5} / \mathbf{1 7}$ as West could be zero - was forced to bid and so it shows $18 / 19$ or bad 20 . West should now bid 3NT. Play CA and low towards the QJ10 keeping SQ as an entry for the club tricks. You make 3 spades, 4 clubs and two diamonds. Note East should not overcall 1 NT as he is 18 and not $15 / 17$. Note after doubling and 1 H response by West if you jump to 2 NT you show good 20 to 22 .

## Board 22.



1S(E) $-2 \mathrm{H}(\mathrm{W})-3 \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{E})-3 \mathrm{H}$ (West showing 6) -4 H (East). It might not make depending on the lead. If it's a D lead you take DA, and then have to play CA and ruff one. It's now best to play AJ of H. If there is a Spade switch, finesse, losing, but you only now lose one more H as the losing Diamond goes on the winning Spades.

## Board 23:



Probably plays best in 3NT but honestly I or most people in the world will be in 5C, full stop. It's a freakish hand. If club A is removed from East hand early NT becomes a lot more difficult as it's one of the entries for the H suit.

