A Total No No: I just want to refer to something which happened last week. South held S643 HQ5 DK82 CAK762. Having opened 1C, West overcalled 1S, North passed, East passed and now back to South. What should South do? North passed showing what? He didn't bid. He cannot have a penalty double of 1 S because we have 3 . For us to double now for takeout we should have 0,1 or maybe 2 (rarely)spades . In other words a shortage. We don't have a shortage. To bid we should be 5,5 or strong $5 / 4(16+)$, or strong balanced $17+$, or unbalanced $16+$. To bid here is WRONG. It happens all the time. Look you have opened on a 12 count an absolute minimum. Partner has less than 6 so you PASS. A 2C bid here is a No,No. Making similar bids on other suits such as H or S is equally wrong. Show you are minimum by passing. You only bid if partner has bid, or if you have the other holdings I mentioned above. (Pass if N responds 1 NT ). North's original pass shows less than 6.

## Bd 2:



Useful Tip: To get to a slam here you need to be opening 4D to show a solid 4S opening. (To open a solid 4 H you open 4C.). North can cue bid 4H (he usually has to respond 4S) to show first round heart control. South will bid 5D with his void and North can now bid 6S holding the CA. Note: If you open a pre-emptive 4 S you do not necessarily show a solid Spade suit,so if you bid slam here you are just lucky to find South with no losing diamonds or no losing trump trick either. Note the 4D opening says we are playing in 4S.

Bd 3: Playing a weak NT, after 1C - 1D from North and 1NT rebid by South showing 15/17 you take a chance that partner has one top honour in $D$ if you bid 3NT here. If he has two small diamonds it's a poor contract. Playing a Strong NT North can respond 2NT which is a transfer to Diamonds showing at least 6. South can now bid 3C saying I have poor diamonds or 3D which he would bid here holding Axx and saying he has good diamonds. North will now bid 3NT. Note 2NT response to 1NT opening shows Diamonds and 2S response shows clubs. Obviously in agreement with partner in advance.


Bd 4:


Should be played in 3D and not 3NT. If it goes 1D by South and 3D by North showing a hand worth 11 hcp in diamonds and maybe not 11 in picture cards South should pass. If the singleton Heart was a Spade in the North hand you are going way off in a silly3NT contract. If North only raises 1D to 2D then East can make a takeout double to show Majors. E/W definitely make 2 H but almost certainly will make 3H if Club King doesn't win a trick until late in play and then South will have to give a ruff and discard as he has nothing left but diamonds.

## Bd 5:



A couple got to 6 S down. There is something undisciplined about this. 2C from $\mathrm{S}-2 \mathrm{D}$ from N and 2 S by S is $100 \%$ forcing and cannot be passed. Now if North was good for his negative 2D and has $S$ support he bids 3 S . His hand is worth 2 hcp for the singleton D so he bids 4 S which is minimum. South should accept North's decision and pass as he has nothing he has not already shown.

## Bd 6:



Should be played in 3 S down 1. South should invite with his 11 hcp after 1 S opened by North as south holds Qxx of Spades. You should lose two clubs, a Spade, a D and a H. If the D trick is not set up it may disappear on the $13^{\text {th }}$ club in dummy.

## Bd 8:



2 H is the rebid on the North hand after a 1 S response by South. The reason is the S bid does nothing for the N hand holding a singleton, and it is looking at small cards in C and D plus the quality of the small cards in hearts is poor. Luckily doubleton HQJ falls but even so you can lose two diamonds, a spade and a club. Note: You never count extra points for a singleton in a suit your partner has bid. i.e. Spades here.

## Bd 9:



North opens 1C and South might respond a D and if that happens North responds 1H (not 1NT showing $15 / 17$ because he has a singleton in his partners bid suit) which South raises to 2 H as it has values of 9 only giving 1 extra point twice for the doubletons. Note: The North hand is worth 16 hcp . That is 15 plus two for the singleton but then you do not also give one for J and two for singleton. It's one or the other. I have already said that 16 hcp is just a single raise in partner's responding suit. So if South originally responded 1 H , North should raise to only 2 H and not 3 H . A Heart switch by the defence limits this to only 8 or 9 tricks. The declarer should always try to ruff some Diamonds in the North hand and not draw trumps

## Bd 10:



N/S should make 4 spades, 3 diamonds, a club, and a heart in 3 NT . A club should be led. When you win the third round after the 10 took the King you should lead a Spade to the King and now a low Diamond to the Q and King. They take their club but when the Heart is now led take the Ace and your remaining tricks. No way should you be leading the HQ early. You have only 6 hearts between the two hands whereas you have 8 diamonds.

## :Bd 11:



If $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{W}$ bid 5 H over 4 S they should be doubled. A number were not doubled? Why? You have AK of $S$ and CA and partner has responded twice in Spades without A and $K$ so must have other values besides Spades. They lose three club tricks and two spade tricks. You need to be signalling the count on the number of cards you hold in a suit when cashing out winners.

Bd 12: N after opening 1D hears 1S from E , pass from partner and 2 S by West. N should now bid 3C and not double as he only has A2 of hearts. N/S can make 3D and E/W 2S only, losing two clubs, one heart and two diamonds


Bd 13:


Should go 1D by West , 1H by East, 1S by West (Not 1NT you are 5/4 plus singleton)and then East goes back to 2D. It should definitely not be played in NT. West should not rebid 1NT with 5 diamonds, 4spades and a singleton in his partner's suit. Later West should not bid 2NT over 2D, if anything,only 3D but it's not worth that holding a singleton in partner's suit. In black I had to highlight the following: I noticed one North overcalled 1S. That is a very wrong bid and should not happen. What function has it? You have a $\mathbf{7}$ count vulnerable and no honour. By the way, I never look to see who makes any bid except I did notice the above on the results sheet

Bd 14: Surprised not everyone isn't in 3NT. 15 opposite 10. If it goes 1C from N, 1 S from S , then North is stuck and has to bid $1 \mathrm{NT}(15 / 17)$. South will bid 3 NT . If it went $1 \mathrm{C}-1 \mathrm{D}$ then North will raise to 2D and South will probably bid 2NT with his very good 10hep as he holds a number of 10 's. North raises to 3 NT .


Bd 15.


If $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{W}$ are in 4 H the correct lead from the S hand is the diamond 10 holding K10986. It is South's best suit. Now two diamonds, a club and a heart trick are taken so only 9 tricks are made in 4H. South has no other good suit to lead from.

Bd 18: West opens 1D, East responds 1S, West rebids 2C and now East must rebid 2S and not 2 H . A bid of the fourth suit at the two level EVERYONE should play as artificial and shows an opening bid in the responding hand and is game forcing. You should make 4 S being able to ruff two hearts with the small spades in the dummy and discard two more on the
winning diamonds. West is worth a raise to 3 S over 2 S and East should certainly go on being $6 / 5$ and knowing partner is short in hearts.


Bd 20.


N should open 1D and nothing else. Partner bids 1S, you rebid 3C and partner will go back to 3D thinking you are $5 / 4$ and strong. You now bid 4C and South raises to 5C. North's 4C bid is forcing to game and shows $6 / 5$ or $5 / 5$. I hope nobody opened 2 C . With one heart and one spade in your hand the opposition is not going to be silent if partner does not respond?

## Bd 24.



West will open 1C, North will overcall 1D and East will bid 1S for the moment. South will bid 2C(Bidding two of the suit that was opened on your left hand side) asking how good North was for the 1D overcall and North will bid 2D showing minimum though he has 6 and was good enough to overcall 1D. East will now bid 3S I would imagine, and South will bid 4D, or 5D is also possible, knowing the AQJ of Spades are over the SK. North will raise 4D to 5 D if he only bid 4D as he is $6 / 5$.Note: Remember that extra trump length, holding 6 instead of 5 is so powerful when it comes to controlling a hand.

