## Commentary

for the

# IBU Autumn Simultaneous Pairs 

Tuesday 3rd November 2020

## Dear Bridge player

"Thank you for your support of the online IBU Simultaneous Pairs 2020. We hope you enjoy the opportunity to pit your wits against bridge players across Ireland, and perhaps even some of our friends from abroad.

This is an interesting and challenging set of hands - as they all are - and the advice of our expert commentators will tell us plenty about what we should and shouldn't have done. I hope you did at least one clever thing tonight - and more than that, I hope the advice of Paul Delaney will give us moral support in our never-ending discussions with our partners.

Hoping to see you all at a real table before long, but in the meantime stay safe, stay healthy, and enjoy your online bridge."

## Jim O'Sullivan, President - Irish Bridge Union

Board I. Dealer North. Vulnerability None

```
& 107
\bullet Q J
* Q 1098632
&4
```

| - K964 |  | - 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - 6 |  | -AK 107543 |
| - KJ4 |  | - - |
| * AKQ 86 |  | * J 7532 |
|  | A QJ85 3 |  |
|  | 982 |  |
|  | A 75 |  |
|  | - 10 |  |

Some tables will start 3* 3s 3 4ith everyone joining in the fun! When Wests bids $4 \%$ East has an amazing hand in support of clubs. East should bid an exuberant 6\% for a top board. Some Wests will play 3NT on a spade lead, their gloom on sight of dummy will lift when the QJV fall doubleton and 12 tricks are made.

When East opens 4 South bids 44 doubled by West for +500 and a poor score for EW.

Winning Tip: Bid your suits with shapely hands.

Board 2. Dealer East. Vulnera bility N/S

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Q } \\
& \text { QJ432 } \\
& \text { K10432 } \\
& 432
\end{aligned}
$$

```
|93 87542
\bullet AK6 『 875
* A J J 7
*QJIO987
* A6
4 AKQ IO6
\bullet 109
- Q965
K K
```

A hand that shows the benefits of negative doubles. South opens 14 West overcalls 2e and North doubles (negative) showing 6+ points and values in the unbid suits. South bids $2 \checkmark$ and if West bids 30 North bids $3 \leqslant$ ending the auction.

3 makes easily and West must switch a club early to prevent an overtrick.

Winning Tip: After partner opens and opponents overcall a suit most experienced players play negative doubles - takeout for the unbid suits.

Board 3. Dealer South. Vulnera bility E/W

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 52 } \\
& 743 \\
& \text { Q } Q 87652
\end{aligned}
$$

```
J108764 Q Q
* &96 Q 1085
* 107 QJ98652
& A IO 3
    4 AK93
    \ KJ2
* AK
&J94
```

South opens 2NT 20-22 and North should pass. Some optimistic Norths will hope the club suit can be setup and gamble a raise to 3NT. This is well against the odds but today is their day and 3NT rolls home for NS.
Winning Tip: Open at the one level with an 'empty 20' points containing few 10 's and 9 's. Now your 2NT opening will contain a good 20 or $21 / 22$ points.

Board 4. Dea ler West. Vulnerability All

```
        & 43
        \bullet J74
        - Q842
        * Q975
```



East opens id and South overcalls IV West bids 14 and North raises to 2 V . Now East has a difficult rebid with pass, 2NT, double and supporting spades all being possible bids. Some players will rebid 2NT showing their values fully. Against 2NT South's best lead is a heart and continuation to hold declarer to 8 tricks.

2 will score +140 for EW.
Winning Tip: With a good 5 card suit and outside entries lead this suit against NT contracts.

Board 5. Dealer North. Vulnerability N/S

```
- 1073
* K9532
- 1097
& 93
4.Q4
* A 10874
- A5
* AQ62
& AKJ6
\bullet QJ
-K32
& KJ54
```

4. 9852

- 6
- QJ864
\& 1087

East opens IY and South overcalls INT best played as showing $15-18$ points. All pass and West leads 67 East wins $A$ and does best to play a sneaky diamond through to Wests Jt. Declarer is worried but when they get in and play AK they find Easts Q doubleton and make INT with an overtrick.

Winning Tip: Overcall INT with 15 to 18 points, sometimes you need that extra point!

Board 6. Dea ler East. Vulnerability E/W


After 3 passes West opens and after partners 1 bids 2 shows reversing values 16 20 points. East shows $6+$ hearts by jumping to 3Y and West bids a firm 3NT. Now NS will be trapped into a spade lead and spade continuation when in Ac. A gleeful West will scoop up 12 tricks +690 when clubs come in. NS will be left pondering how to get their 3 heart tricks.
Winning Tip: If you know you belong in 3NT you can disguise your assets as West did here by not bidding spades.

Board 7. Dealer South. Vulnera bility All

```
    & AJ
    \vee AQJ86532
    - }
    & Q 2
```

```
& Q7432 & 
```

\& Q7432 \&
\vee- \vee K109
\vee- \vee K109

* A10542 * 87
* A10542 * 87
\&65 AKJIO93
\&65 AKJIO93
- K 1095
- 74
- KQJ63
\& 74

```

North with 8 strong hearts may open 4 and play there going one down on top tricks. Those who open at the one level will attract competition when East overcalls 24 and they will still end up in \(4 \mathbf{P}\). The slower auction may encourage East to penalty double \(4 \vee\) for a top board.

Winning Tip: Holding an 8 card suit bid your hand with one bid if you can.

Board 8. Dealer West. Vulnerability None


South plays INT on the JY lead. Declarer tries the \(K 甲\) taken by the Ace. East continues hearts South wins QY. The 10 is covered by Jack Queen and King. East switches to a small diamond. West produces the Q and cashes the hearts. When West switches a spade rise with A and play diamonds making 5 tricks and a respectable score.
NS do best to play 2 2 - -50 and a good score.
Winning Tip: When the cards are badly placed it is just the same at other tables. Keeps your wits about you and try to limit your losses.

Board 9. Dealer North. Vulnerability E/W
- 107
- J86
- J 109
- 108764
```

\& K8 \& 62
\veeK109 Q % 532
*QQ3 - 862

* AKQJ9 532
- AQJ9543
- A 4
- A754
-     - 

```

South opens 14 West doubles, East bids 24 South competes with 34. Under pressure West bids 4V making unless South defends brilliantly. South leads A , cashes \(A\) and continues 34 suit preference for clubs. Declarer wins K and plays K K and South wins A and now must play a 3 rd spade giving a ruff and discard and promoting a trump trick for North.

Some Souths will bid 44x going one down rather than risk defending 4 Y .

Winning Tip: In defence when declarer seems to have all the tricks look for a trump promotion.

Board IO. Dealer East. Vulnemability All
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Q } 3 \\
& \text { AJ832 } \\
& \text { AKQ62 }
\end{aligned}
\]
```

4 Q85
\& KJ7642

* AJIO32
४ 654
-106
-95
\& 973
< J}
- A 109
- K 97
- KQ74
\& 1085

```

At most tables East will pass and the bidding will go INT 3NT making 12 tricks on a heart lead.

If East opens a weak 2 some Norths may insist on playing in a minor suit game. Now with 3NT making South must bid slam applying the 'Joe McHale rule'. Joe, a legendary Irish player of the past, once said to his partner 'whenever you try to play in 5 minor 1 will always bid 6 '.

Winning Tip: If 3 NT is a good alternative contract play a slam rather than game in a minor.

Board II. Dealer South. Vulnerability None
```

\& KQJIO54
\bullet A63

* K
KJ4
*     * Al06432

```
&632 
`Q1085 \ J74
& Q532 A76
& A7
& A7
\vee K92
\vee K92
- QJ975
- QJ975
& 1098
```

\& 1098

```

North opens It and East makes a light overcall of 2\(\rangle\). Now playing negative doubles South passes hoping that partner will double for takeout. North jumps to 3s and East escapes punishment as South bids 3NT.
On lead West may sense that South is stacked in diamonds. An inspired heart lead holds declarer to 10 tricks whereas on a singleton diamond lead declarer makes II tricks.

Winning Tip: After partner opens play negative (or takeout) doubles of overcalls and pass the overcall when you want to penalise it.

Board I2. Dea ler West. Vulnerability N/S
\[

\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - K 8532 & & 4 A 10 \\
\hline - J1086 & & - A 42 \\
\hline - AJ5 & & -K63 \\
\hline -2 & & 2 A Q J 64 \\
\hline & - J 9 & \\
\hline & - K 3 & \\
\hline & - Q 10872 & \\
\hline & \& K 753 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

East plays 3NT on 7 lead. Declarer wins J and has 7 tricks and chances in three suits. A knowledge of bridge probability is useful here. A 3-3 break is a \(36 \%\) chance and the defender's clubs will break \(4-362 \%\) of the time. It is best to finesse clubs and lose the 3 rd round of clubs to North. This makes 9 tricks with 10 possible if declarer can pick the heart position.

Winning Tip: Learn the probability of basic suit breaks - Click here to see this easy to read table online.

Board I3. Dealer North. Vulnera bility All
```

4 A8652

* Q982
- A3
\& 104

```
```

\& Q 1043

- K 97
- $Q 1043$
$-\quad 10743$
--
- $1084 \quad$ KQJ965
- 76
\& KQ9 3
$\Leftrightarrow J$
- AKJ65
- 72
- AJ85 2

```

East plays opens I* and South overcalls IP now the North hand is worth a game try which South accepts. The \(4 \longdiv { y }\) contract makes II tricks when declarer plays a small club from 10x through the opening bid.

Some Souths will overcall with the unusual 2NT showing the lower two suits (clubs and hearts in this case). Again the 49 contract is reached.

Winning Tip: As declarer in a trump contract play to setup your side suit as early as possible.

Board 14. Dealer East. Vulnerability None


East opens 19 and after 3 passes North bids a protective INT which shows 10 to 14 points.

South now transfers to \(2 \varphi\) which goes 2 down unless East gifts a trick with a spade lead from the King.

Strong NT EW pairs will play INT their way for +90 .

Winning Tip: Play 'system on’ Stayman and transfers for all natural INT/2NT opening bids, overcalls or protective NT bids.

Board I5. Dealer South. Vulnerability N/S
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & - KJ9 & \\
\hline & - Q97 & \\
\hline & - 1092 & \\
\hline & \& QJ75 & \\
\hline -108 & & - A 763 \\
\hline - KJ 8 & & - 1042 \\
\hline -K653 & & - AJ87 \\
\hline - K643 & & - 82 \\
\hline & - Q 542 & \\
\hline & - A653 & \\
\hline & - Q 4 & \\
\hline & - A 109 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

South opens INT and plays there. INT is regarded as the most complex and challenging contract for both declarer and defence. A INT contract will make 2 times in 3 and at matchpoints on average scores above 60\%.

On this hand EW have balanced and shapeless hands and they will chose to defend. West will lead a minor suit and with EW having lots of entries INT will eventually be defeated by I trick.

Winning Tip: Defend INT with balanced shapeless hands and overcall INT aggressively when you have some shape especially non vulnerable.

Board I6. Dealer West. Vulnerability E/W
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{H} 42 \\
& \text { } 732 \\
& -65
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\text { \& K } 7632
\]
```

| ¢ 93 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - K 10865 |  |  |
| - K 1073 |  |  |
| - 108 |  |  |
|  |  | - AK 107 |
|  |  | - Q 9 |
|  |  | - Q942 |
|  |  | \& Q 94 |

```

Playing strong notrump East opens INT and West transfers to 29 . This will play well and frequently makes +170 for a good score.

Those playing the weak NT will usually play in 2NT by West on a club lead by North. Declarer will make +180 if they find both red queens or otherwise score +150 and a disappointing score.

Winning Tip: Always transfer to a 5 card major after partner opens INT.

Board I7. Dealer North. Vulnerability None
```

\& 3

* A 10953
* K1075
\& QJ3
4 A65

```
& QJ842
Q Q }
* 942 - AQ
& K4 A9876
& K 1097
& K 1097
\bullet J86
\bullet J86
- J86
- J86
& 1052
```

\& 1052

```

Playing strong notrump East opens INT and West transfers to 24. If West invites game East plays 44. Game makes if declarer sets up clubs to score a top board.
East playing weak NT opens I\& and West bids Is now North, having previously passed, should take action with \(2 \boldsymbol{P}\), double or a INT bid. The passed hand INT bid by North shows a shapely takeout hand and robs East of their normal rebid. EW may now miss game and play \(24+2\) for a below average score.

Winning Tip: When you are a passed hand bid INT as unbalanced takeout for the other two suits.

Board I8. Dealer East. Vulnerability N/S


South opens It. With a poor heart suit West should pass. Those Wests who bid \(2 \%\) can go 29x-3-500 and get a duck if North passes for penalties and South reopens with a double.

The normal contract will be 3 by South making 9 tricks if declarer starts on hearts early in the play. As declarer when there is a danger that trumps may break badly create ruffing possibilities in both hands before making your key trump play.

Winning Tip: Don't overcall with 'empty suits' especially when you hold length in openers suit.

Board I9. Dealer South. Vulnerability E/W

> \begin{tabular}{l}  QJ109 \\ Q9762 \\ 63 \\ \multirow{1}{*}{14} \end{tabular}
```

K52 \& A64
\ K10853 \

*     - A AQ8
\& Q107 AK9532
\& 873
- A4
-KJIO752
\& 86

```

East bids le, South l\$, West IV now East jumps to 3NT. Wary of giving declarer an extra trick South leads a spade. Missing a soft diamond trick declarer must find a 10 th trick. At trick 2 play J \({ }^{\circ}\) and when South plays low we have a guess. Run JV or play K \(\vee\) ? Zia Mahmood has a bridge tip here "If they don't cover, they don't have it". Play North for Q \({ }^{\text {P }}\) so rise with \(K ゆ\) for 10 tricks +430 .

Winning Tip: Use Zia's tip for your queen guesses "If they don't cover, they don't have it"

Board 20. Dea ler West. Vulnerability All
```

        4.97
        \vee 863
        - AJ1092
        & 1083
    ```


West opens 14 (or 24 if playing Acol Two's). East bids NT and most Wests will insist on playing in 4s which fails due to the heart suit lying badly.
With solid spades and 8 top tricks many experienced West players will look to play in 3NT which on this hand gets a top board.
Winning Tip: When holding a solid suit which partner has not supported consider playing in 3NT seeking extra matchpoints.

Board 21. Dealer North. Vulnerability N/S
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 109752 \\
& \text { KQ9 } \\
& \text { 72 } \\
& \text { A62 }
\end{aligned}
\]
```

\& QJ4
\ K8

* J72
- 108643
-KQ54
- AJ93
* K85
\& 107
- A6 3
- A5
- 1086
\& QJ943

```

After 3 passes West opens INT and East transfers to hearts. North leads a small spade and South wins the At. Now South must switch immediately to \(\mathrm{Q} \dot{2}\) to defeat 2 by one trick.

The best and safest way to complete with the NS hands is for South open 10 3rd in hand North will bid Is and South can pass holding 3 spades and a minimum. Now even if West balances North will bid \(2 \Phi+140\) reaching the top spot for NS.

Winning Tip: Open with IO/II pts and a good suit in 3rd position.

Board 22. Dealer East. Vulnerability E/W
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - QJ87 } \\
& \text { - A Q J } \\
& \text { - J954 } \\
& \text { \& } 72 \\
& \text { - A } 105
\end{aligned}
\]

Playing a weak NT East opens 1 and after 3 passes North bids a balancing INT showing I014 pts. Against INT East leads \(\mathrm{K} \diamond\) and declarer ducks. To defeat INT East continues diamonds and eventually sets up 3 diamond tricks. If East plays any other suit North has time to make INT.

A strong notrump by East will score well here when they play 29 contract for +110 for EW.

Winning Tip: On many partscore hands the first side to bid INT will get most of the matchpoints.

Board 23. Dealer South. Vulnerability All
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 987 } \\
& \text { J } 1087 \\
& \text { KQ2 } \\
& \text { Q } 92
\end{aligned}
\]
```

4 AKJ2
4 Q6
\vee43 \& Q52

* 54
54
    - AJ987
\& 764
\& 10543
- AK6
-1063
\& K85

```

Another INT contract this time by West. Every North will lead JY ducked by declarer (aiming to block the suit). South takes the next 2 hearts. North plays their hearts 7 first then 8. South switches to the lower suit (clubs). Declarer can now make 8 tricks EW +120 if they play for split honours in clubs.
Winning Tip: When you have known length in a suit (North having J 87 hearts remaining) it provides an extra opportunity to play suit preference.

Board 24. Dea ler West. Vulnerability None
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - AKQJ74 } \\
& \text { - } 62 \\
& \text { - KQ } 8 \\
& \text { \& KJ }
\end{aligned}
\]

North opens 14 and rebids 4s over partners INT response. East leads a diamond, West plays \(10 \triangleleft\) and declarer wins K. If you win with the Queen you let West know you have KQ .
After drawing trumps North plays to \(K \varphi\) and now makes I I tricks with a good guess in clubs.

An extra chance as you play out your spades is that East may unguard diamonds hoping partner has \(Q\).

Winning Tip: As declarer always win with the higher card from equals (King from KQ). As defender always win with the lower card from equals (Queen from KQ).

Board 25. Dealer North. Vulnerability E/W
```

4 K 3

- Q 107
- KQ74
\& A Q 8 7

```
```

4.109854
-KJ92

- J102
2-6
- A 72
- A843
- A863
- J4

```
- QJ6
    - 65
- 95
2 K 109532

North plays 3NT on the 10\% lead from East. Declarer wins Je and plays toward the Q \({ }^{\top}\) as West wins \(K \vee\). When West does not return a club (partners suit) declarer infers West has a singleton club and East has 6. With 10 tricks declarer cashes winners and watches Easts discards closely. If East keeps 3 spades and comes down to doubleton K9\% declarer plays clubs and makes II tricks and a \(90 \%+\) score.

Winning Tip: As declarer count the distribution of the defender known to have a long suit.

Board 26. Dealer East. Vulnerability All
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A } \mathrm{KQ97} \\
& 1076 \\
& \text { KQ873 }
\end{aligned}
\]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - QJ87 & & 4 K653 \\
\hline - 108654 & & - J32 \\
\hline - Q 4 & & - 853 \\
\hline - J2 & & \& 1065 \\
\hline & - 10942 & \\
\hline & - A & \\
\hline & - AKJ92 & \\
\hline & - A9 4 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

An exciting hand with slam in both minors making, 3NT scoring 13 tricks yet 6NT goes down!

South opens \(1 \$\), North bids \(2 \%\) South rebids 24. NS have extra values and a fit in both minors but North will usually bid 3NT and slam is missed. Over 24 if North bids 3D now South may cuebid to slam.

In 6NT on a spade lead declarer finesses diamonds and goes down. In 3NT declarer cashes AK and makes +720.

Winning Tip: Agree which sequences are game forcing and then cue bid holding extra values and slam interest.

Board 27. Dealer South. Vulnerability None

> J J 3
> Q 8
> A 10654
> Q 97
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline - K 1096 & & - 52 \\
\hline - 7654 & & - A 1093 \\
\hline - J7 & & - KQ 8 \\
\hline - J 42 & & 2 AKIO3 \\
\hline & - A Q 84 & \\
\hline & - KJ2 & \\
\hline & -932 & \\
\hline & c 865 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

After 3 passes East opens IV and West responds \(2 \uparrow\). East tries for game by bidding 2NT and West signs off in 3 3 showing a minimum. With both K\$ and Qs lying favourably for declarer East makes \(3 \downarrow\) for +140 and a \(65 \%+\) score.

Winning Tip: After 1\(\rangle 2 \downarrow\) or 1424 holding invitational values bid a new suit with \(3+\) cards as a 'help suit game try'. With a balanced hand and extra values bid 2NT.

Board 28. Dealer West. Vulnerability N/S
```

a K 1042
\bullet 10

- 8754
* 7642
- 75
- KJ92
- J93
- J 1053
↔ 986
- Q875
- KQ2
- AQ9

```
- AQ|3
- A643
- A 106
- K 8

A simple IV \(2 \sqrt{4}\) and \(4 \longdiv { \text { auction has North on } }\) lead. A spade lead from the King into the strong hand would be a major error.

North should lead a minor. Now West will lose a trick in each suit for \(4 \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{I}+50\) for NS.

Winning Tip: In a suit contract do not underlead an Ace or King - find another lead !```

